

November 10, 2008

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE SECOND QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008

Dainippon Screen Mfg. Co., Ltd. is listed on the First Sections of the Tokyo Stock Exchange and Osaka Securities Exchange with the securities code number 7735.

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Figures have been rounded down to eliminate amounts less than one million yen, except per share figures.

PERFORMANCE FOR THE SECOND QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 (Apr.1, 2008-Sept.30, 2008)

(1) Business Result

(Millions of yen, except per share figures)						
	Net Sales	Percentage Change	Operating Income	Percentage Change	Ordinary Income	Percentage Change
Six months ended Sept. 30, 2008	¥ 122,823	— %	¥ 4,062	— %	¥ 2,147	— %
Six months ended Sept. 30, 2007	145,275	1.4	11,979	-20.1	9,237	-34.6

	Net Income	Percentage Change	Net Income per Share (Yen)	Diluted Net Income per Share (Yen)
Six months ended Sept. 30, 2008	¥ (1,263)	— %	¥ (5.32)	—
Six months ended Sept. 30, 2007	5,491	-39.3	22.38	20.70

Notes:

Percentages shown for net sales, operating income, ordinary income and net income are the rate of increase or decrease from the previous corresponding period.

(2) Financial Position

(Millions of yen, except per share figures)				
	Total Assets	Net Assets	Equity Ratio(%)	Net Assets per Share of Common Stock (Yen)
Sept. 30, 2008	¥ 296,602	¥ 115,765	38.8 %	¥ 484.47
Mar. 31, 2008	291,114	122,874	41.9	514.26

Note: Equity as end of period

Six months ended Sept. 30, 2008: ¥115,016 million

Fiscal year ended Mar. 31, 2008: ¥122,093 million

CASH DIVIDENDS

Record date	Cash Dividends per Share				
	End of First Quarter	End of Second Quarter	End of Third Quarter	Year-end	Annual
Fiscal year ended Mar. 31, 2008	—	—	—	¥10.00	¥10.00
Fiscal year ending Mar. 31, 2009	—	—	—	—	—
Fiscal year ending Mar. 31, 2009 (Forecast)	—	—	—	3.00	3.00

Note: Revision of cash dividends in the second quarter under review: Yes

FORECAST OF BUSINESS RESULTS FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDING MARCH 31, 2009

(Millions of yen, except per share figures)

(Percentage are the rate of increase or decrease from the previous fiscal year.)

	Net Sales	Percentage Change	Operating Income	Percentage Change
Fiscal year ending Mar. 31, 2009	¥ 235,000	-16.0 %	¥ 5,200	-64.5 %

	Ordinary Income	Percentage Change	Net Income	Percentage Change	Net Income per Share (Yen)
Fiscal year ending Mar. 31, 2009	¥ 200	-97.3 %	¥ (4,000)	—	¥ (16.85)

Note: Revision of business forecast in the second quarter under review: Yes

Others

- (1) Changes in scope of consolidation and application of the equity method: No
- (2) Use of simplified accounting methods and accounting methods specific to the preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements. : Yes
- (3) Changes of accounting rules, procedures and presentations etc. for consolidated financial statements
 1. Changes accompanied by revision of accounting standard etc.: Yes
 2. Changes other than 1. : Yes
- (4) Number of shares outstanding
 1. Number of shares outstanding as of end of period (including treasury stock)

Six months ended Sept. 30, 2008:	253,974,333 shares	Fiscal year ended Mar. 31, 2008:	253,974,333 shares
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 2. Number of treasury stock as of end of period

Six months ended Sept. 30, 2008:	16,567,537 shares	Fiscal year ended Mar. 31, 2008:	16,560,577 shares
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 3. Average number of shares outstanding

Six months ended Sept. 30, 2008:	237,412,951 shares	Six months ended Sept. 30, 2007:	245,429,523 shares
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*Notes concerning the use of business forecasts

1. Dainippon Screen has revised its consolidated business forecast for the entire year ending March 31, 2009 from the previously announced forecasts.
2. The statements related to the outlook for future business results in this document are made in accordance with currently available information and rational assumptions. However, it should be noted that actual results could differ significantly due to several factors.
3. Starting from the first quarter of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2009, "Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting" and "Guidance on Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting" has been implemented. The quarterly consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with "The Rules for Quarterly Financial Reporting". See page 3 for more information.

[Qualitative Information, Financial Statements and Other]

1. Qualitative information regarding the status of consolidated business results

During the first half of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2009, the six-month period from April 1, 2008 to September 30, 2008, a downturn in the global economy became increasingly evident. This was mainly attributable to financial market instability that originated in the United States and impacted the economies of most major countries. On the domestic front, signs of an economic slowdown continued to mount reflecting forecasts of a drop in corporate-sector earnings. This was particularly true for companies that engage in export activities due mainly to deterioration in the global economy and the sharp appreciation in the value of the yen. Difficult conditions were further exacerbated by a weak consumer mindset reflecting growing uncertainty with regard to the future.

Conditions in the Dainippon Screen Group's principal fields of activity were also difficult. In the semiconductor industry, semiconductor manufacturer capital expenditure was weak. This was mainly attributable to the price of memory products, which hovered at a low level due to deterioration in the balance between supply and demand on the back of weak demand for such end products as digital home appliances, personal computers and mobile audio players.

Under these circumstances, and in the context of the Dainippon Screen Group's performance for the first half of the fiscal year under review, while sales of FPD production equipment grew year on year, results in its mainstay semiconductor production equipment declined substantially. As a result, net sales contracted ¥22,451 million, or 15.5%, compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year to ¥122,823 million. Operating income also declined ¥7,916 million, or 66.1%, year on year to ¥4,062 million.

Looking at nonoperating expenses, Dainippon Screen recorded equity in losses of affiliates. On this basis, ordinary income fell ¥7,090 million, or 76.7% compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year to ¥2,147 million. In extraordinary expenses, the Dainippon Screen Group posted a loss on the write down of inventories at the beginning of the period totaling ¥2,426 million in line with the application of the "Accounting Standard for Measurement of Inventories."

Accounting for these factors, net loss for the six months ended September 30, 2008 was ¥1,263 million compared with net income totaling ¥5,491 million in the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Business results by business segment are provided as follows.

The Electronic Equipment and Components Segment

In semiconductor production equipment within the Group's Electronic Equipment and Components segment, sales declined substantially compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year. This was mainly attributable to weak capital expenditure by semiconductor manufacturers, which began in the second half of the previous fiscal year on the back of persistently low memory prices. By product, sales of single-wafer cleaning equipment remained relatively firm. Sales of batch-type cleaning equipment, on the other hand, fell significantly, while sales of coater/developers produced on consignment for an affiliated company also declined. In FPD production equipment, results of LCD coater/developers grew compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year, particularly in Taiwan and South Korea. Carrying on from the previous fiscal year, capital expenditure by printed circuit board (PCB) manufacturers remained weak throughout the period under review. As a result, sales of other electronic equipment were essentially unchanged from the same period of the previous fiscal year. Based on these results, sales in the Electronic Equipment and Components segment contracted ¥24,231 million, or 21.1%, year on year to ¥90,724 million. In the period under review, the Dainippon Screen Group recorded operating income totaling ¥2,243 million, a decline of ¥7,693 million, or 77.4%, compared with the six-month period ended September 30, 2007.

The Graphic Arts Equipment Segment

In the Graphic Arts Equipment segment, sales of computer-to-plate (CTP)-related equipment grew year on year mainly overseas. At the same time, sales of digital printing equipment that features print-on-demand (POD) capabilities as well as such new products as large-format inkjet printers manufactured by Inca Digital Printers also contributed to sales growth. As a result, sales in the Graphic Arts Equipment segment climbed ¥2,187 million, or 7.6%, compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year to ¥31,081 million. Operating income also rose ¥225 million, or 14.5%, year on year to ¥1,775 million.

The Other Segment

Sales in the Other segment decreased ¥406 million, or 28.6%, compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year to ¥1,017 million. Operating income declined ¥447 million, or 91.0%, year on year to ¥44 million.

Note: Comparative data including percentage rates of increase or decrease compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year are provided for reference purposes only.

2. Qualitative information regarding changes in consolidated financial position

As of September 30, 2008, total assets stood at ¥296,602 million, an increase of ¥5,488 million, or 1.9%, compared with March 31, 2008. In current assets, trade notes and accounts receivable declined ¥12,930 million while inventories grew ¥13,372 million, both compared with the end of the previous fiscal year. In fixed assets, investment in securities fell ¥5,619 million due mainly to the drop in market values of shares held as well as the posting of equity in losses of affiliates. Taking into consideration the application of “Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions,” lease investment assets (receivables) relating to subleasing, lease assets and lease obligations increased by ¥1,527 million, ¥7,903 million and ¥9,907 million, respectively.

Equity, the balance of net assets less minority interests, stood at ¥115,016 million, a decrease of ¥7,077 million, or 5.8%, compared with March 31, 2008. Principal movements included a decline in net unrealized holding gains on securities due to the drop in market values of stockholdings and a decrease in retained earnings owing to the net loss incurred for the period under review and cash dividends paid.

Taking the aforementioned into account, the equity ratio decreased 3.1 percentage points from 41.9% as of March 31, 2008 to 38.8%.

Status of Cash Flows

In the period under review, major cash inflows including depreciation and amortization, decrease in trade notes and accounts receivable and increase in accounts payable exceeded principal cash outflows such as increase in inventories, decrease in other current liabilities and income taxes paid. As a result, net cash provided by operating activities amounted to ¥1,391 million compared with net cash used in operating activities of ¥11,872 million for the first half of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008.

Net cash used in investing activities totaled ¥4,396 million, compared with ¥8,995 million in the same period of the previous fiscal year. This reflects payment of construction expenses for the Process Technology Center for semiconductor manufacturing processes and the Welfare Center for employees during the previous fiscal year, and purchase of shares in Silicon Light Machines Corporation of the United States.

In order to fund its investment activities, the payment of cash dividends and repayment of long-term debt, Dainippon Screen procured funds through short- and long-term debt. As a result, net cash provided by financing activities was ¥5,472 million, compared with ¥16,002 million in the same period of the previous fiscal year.

Accounting for the aforementioned activities, cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period under review increased ¥2,170 million from March 31, 2008 to ¥27,150 million.

Note: Data compared with the same period of the previous fiscal year is provided for reference purposes only.

3. Qualitative information regarding consolidated business results forecasts

Looking at the economic environment for the second half of this fiscal year, a downturn in the economy is forecast due to the deterioration in corporate sector earnings and the flagging consumer spending caused by the expanding impacts of a global credit contraction to the real economy. Conditions in the Dainippon Screen fields are also becoming harsh. In the semiconductor industry certain semiconductor manufacturers have already announced their intention to curtail production while postponing or freezing capital investment due to delayed recovery of demand for semiconductors on the back of weak demand for end products. Turning to the flat panel display (FPD) industry, an excess of LCD panel inventories is prompting a drop in panel prices. Concerns are continuing to mount with regard the reduced capital expenditures, buffeted by decreased production and a decline in factory operating rates.

Under these conditions as a backdrop, Dainippon Screen has revised its consolidated business forecast for the entire year ending March 31, 2009 from the announced forecast on August 11, 2008. This is attributable to the prospect that sales mainly in the semiconductor production equipment are expected to fall below the previous forecast.

Revision of forecast for the consolidated business result for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2009

	(Millions of yen)			
	Net sales	Operating income	Ordinary income	Net income
Previously announced forecast (A) (Announcement on August 11, 2008)	273,000	12,700	9,500	3,200
Revised forecast (B)	235,000	5,200	200	(4,000)
Amount of change (B-A)	(38,000)	(7,500)	(9,300)	(7,200)
Percentage change	-13.9%	-59.1%	-97.9%	—
(Reference) Business result for the previous fiscal year ended March 31, 2008	279,816	14,627	7,540	4,577

With deterioration in the operating environment proceeding at an unexpectedly swift pace, the Dainippon Screen Group will make every effort to reduce fixed costs while at the same time clearly prioritizing the application of funds within both research and development and capital expenditure with the aim of securing profits.

*The aforementioned forecasts are based on foreign currency exchange rate estimates of US\$1.00 = ¥100 and EUR1.00 = ¥130 for the second half of the fiscal year under review. Business forecasts are also made in accordance with currently available information and rational assumptions. However, it should be noted that actual results could differ significantly due to a variety of factors.

4. Other

(1) Changes in significant consolidated subsidiaries (Changes in specified subsidiaries involving changes in scope of consolidation): None

(2) Application of simplified accounting methods and accounting methods specific to the preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements.

a. Simplified accounting methods:

Depreciation of fixed assets

Fixed assets depreciated using the declining balance method has been calculated based on the pro rata amount of depreciation for the fiscal quarter derived from the depreciation amount for the fiscal year.

b. Accounting methods specific to the preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements:

Calculation of income taxes

Income tax amount is calculated principally by multiplying reasonably estimated annual effective tax rate through the first quarter ended June 2008, with the effects of deferred taxes reflected, by the amount of year-to-date income before income taxes. The provision for income taxes is presented inclusive of the provision for income taxes—deferred.

(3) Changes in principles, procedures, and presentation etc. of accounting method related to the preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements:

a. Application of the “Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting”

The “Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting” (Accounting Standards Board of Japan [ASBJ] Statement No. 12) and the “Guidance on Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting” (ASBJ Guidance No. 14) are applied from the current year ending March 31, 2009. The quarterly consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with “Rules for Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements.”

b. Changes in evaluation standards and methods for important assets

Inventory Assets

Previously, Dainippon Screen and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries stated inventories held for sale in the ordinary course of business mainly at cost determined principally by the first-in, first-out method or the specific identification method. Effective from the first quarter of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2009, however, Dainippon Screen and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries have adopted the “Accounting Standard for Measurement of Inventories” (ASBJ Statement No. 9 issued on July 5, 2006). Accordingly, inventories are stated at cost determined principally by the first-in, first-out method or the specific identification method (marking down the book value of balance sheet amounts in line with profitability decrease). Accordingly, operating loss and ordinary loss decreased by ¥479 million and net loss before income taxes increased by ¥2,906 million, respectively. The impact on segment information is noted in the corresponding section.

c. Application of the “Practical Solution on Unification of Accounting Policies Applied to Foreign Subsidiaries for Consolidated Financial Statements”

Starting from the first quarter under review, the “Practical Solution on Unification of Accounting Policies Applied to Foreign Subsidiaries for Consolidated Financial Statements” (ASBJ Practical Issues Task Force No. 18 issued on May 17, 2006) has been adopted and the necessary adjustments have been made for consolidation. Accordingly, operating income and ordinary loss decreased by ¥65 million, respectively and net loss before income taxes increased by ¥96 million, respectively. The impact on segment information is noted in the corresponding section.

d. Application of the “Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions”

As for Dainippon Screen and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries, finance lease transactions without title transfer were formerly accounted for as operating leases. On March 30, 2007, the ASBJ issued ASBJ Statement No. 13, the “Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions,” which revised the former accounting standard for lease transactions issued on June 17, 1993, and ASBJ Guidance No. 16, the “Guidance on Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions,” which revised the former guidance issued on January 18, 1994. The revised accounting standard is permitted to be adopted for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2008. Accordingly, the revised accounting standard has been applied from the first quarter ended June 30, 2008. The revised accounting standard requires that all finance lease transactions shall be capitalized. In addition, leased assets related to finance lease transactions without title transfer are depreciated on a straight-line basis, with the lease periods as their useful lives and no residual value. Accordingly, operating income increased by ¥105 million, ordinary income decreased ¥201 million and net loss before income taxes increased by ¥201 million. The impact on segment information is noted in the corresponding section.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Millions of yen)

	Sept. 30, 2008	Mar. 31, 2008
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and time deposits	¥ 28,116	¥ 26,247
Trade notes and accounts receivable	72,863	85,793
Merchandise and finished products	38,635	30,898
Work in process	42,058	36,482
Raw materials and supplies	6,608	6,548
Deferred tax assets	6,306	6,771
Other	7,228	5,011
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(1,234)	(765)
Total current assets	200,582	196,988
Fixed assets:		
Property, plant and equipment:		
Buildings and structures	55,506	55,120
Machinery, equipment and other	32,421	31,030
Other	28,310	22,108
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	(62,779)	(59,191)
Total property, plant and equipment	53,459	49,069
Intangible fixed assets:		
Goodwill	2,295	2,295
Other	2,629	692
Total intangible fixed assets	4,924	2,988
Investments and other assets:		
Investments in securities	30,095	35,714
Other	7,682	6,496
Allowance for doubtful receivables	(141)	(143)
Total investments and other assets	37,636	42,067
Total fixed assets	96,020	94,125
Total assets	296,602	291,114

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Millions of yen)

	Sept. 30, 2008	Mar. 31, 2008
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Trade notes and accounts payable	¥ 77,687	¥ 74,546
Short-term debt	18,144	12,252
Current portion of convertible notes with stock acquisition rights	14,999	—
Current portion of long-term debt	4,666	4,028
Lease obligations	2,116	—
Accrued income taxes	1,259	2,174
Construction notes payable	707	2,611
Accrued bonuses to directors	45	95
Accrued product warranty costs	4,051	4,101
Other	19,636	23,891
Total current liabilities	143,313	123,702
Long-term liabilities:		
Notes	17,000	17,000
Convertible notes with stock acquisition rights	—	14,999
Long-term debt	10,539	8,645
Lease obligations	7,791	—
Accrued pension and severance costs	623	1,497
Allowances for retirement benefits for directors and corporate auditors	139	152
Reserve for loss on guarantees	75	84
Other	1,354	2,158
Total long-term liabilities	37,523	44,537
Total liabilities	180,837	168,239
NET ASSETS		
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock	54,044	54,044
Capital surplus	30,168	30,176
Retained earnings	45,631	49,389
Treasury stock	(12,233)	(12,238)
Total shareholders' equity	117,611	121,372
Valuation gain/loss, translation gain/loss, etc:		
Net unrealized holding gains on securities	4,138	6,347
Deferred hedge income and loss	(3)	(6)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(6,729)	(5,619)
Total valuation gain/loss, translation gain/loss, etc.	(2,594)	721
Minority interests:		
Minority interests	748	781
Total net assets	115,765	122,874
Total liabilities and net assets	296,602	291,114

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Millions of yen)

Apr.1, 2008 – Sept. 30, 2008	
Net sales	¥ 122,823
Cost of sales	89,813
Gross profit	33,010
Selling, general and administrative expenses	28,947
Operating Income	4,062
Nonoperating income:	
Interest income	158
Dividend income	272
Revenue from service contract	433
Other	970
Total nonoperating income	1,835
Nonoperating expenses:	
Interest expenses	772
Loss on sale of notes receivable	83
Exchange loss on foreign currency transactions	108
Equity in losses of affiliates	1,896
Other	889
Total nonoperating expenses	3,750
Ordinary income	2,147
Extraordinary income:	
Gain on change in equity	14
Reversal of provision for loss on guarantees	8
Total extraordinary income	23
Extraordinary expenses:	
Loss on revaluation of inventories	2,426
Loss on investments in securities	66
Total extraordinary expenses	2,493
Loss before income taxes	(322)
Provision for income taxes	907
Minority interests in net income of consolidated subsidiaries	33
Net loss	(1,263)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Millions of yen)

Apr.1, 2008–Sept.30, 2008

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Loss before income taxes	¥ (322)
Depreciation and amortization	4,363
Amortization of goodwill	518
Equity in losses (gains) of affiliates	1,896
(Decrease) increase in accrued pension and severance costs	(874)
(Decrease) increase in accrued bonuses to directors	(50)
(Decrease) increase in accrued product warranty costs	(70)
Interest and dividend income	(431)
Interest expenses	772
Decrease (increase) in trade notes and accounts receivable	13,133
(Increase) decrease in inventories	(13,629)
(Increase) decrease in other current assets	(612)
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable	3,345
(Decrease) increase in accrued expenses	(802)
(Decrease) increase in other current liabilities	(3,494)
Other	340
Subtotal	4,082
Interest and dividend received	447
Interest paid	(812)
Contribution in connection with the shift to a defined contribution pension plan	(888)
Income taxes paid	(1,437)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,391
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Decrease (increase) in time deposits, net	123
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(3,198)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	60
Purchase of investments in securities	(6)
Acquisition of a newly consolidated subsidiary	(1,276)
Other	(97)
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,396)
Cash flows from financing activities:	
Increase (decrease) in short-term debt, net	6,174
Proceeds from long-term debt	5,000
Repayment of long-term debt	(2,458)
Repayment of financial lease obligations	(858)
(Increase) decrease in treasury stock, net	(2)
Cash dividends paid	(2,374)
Cash dividends paid to minority interests	(7)
Net cash provided by financing activities	5,472
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(206)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,261
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	24,980
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents by changes of scope of consolidation	(91)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	27,150

SEGMENT INFORMATION**[Performance by Business Segment]**

Second quarter ended Sept. 30, 2008 (From Apr. 1, 2008 to Sept. 30, 2008)

(Millions of yen)

	Electronic Equipment and Components	Graphic Arts Equipment	Other	Total	Eliminations	Consolidated
Sales						
(1) Sales to outside customers	¥ 90,724	¥ 31,081	¥ 1,017	¥ 122,823	¥ —	¥ 122,823
(2) Intersegment sales and transfers	—	—	4,444	4,444	(4,444)	—
Total	90,724	31,081	5,461	127,268	(4,444)	122,823
Operating income	2,243	1,775	44	4,062	—	4,062

Notes

1. Segment classifications are by product lineup.

2. Principal products of each segment category are as follows:

Electronic Equipment and Components: Semiconductor production equipment, FPD production equipment, PCB production equipment, and maintenance and repair services

Graphic Arts Equipment: CTP (printing and prepress related equipment), digital printing equipment, other printing and prepress related equipment, fonts, and maintenance and repair services

Other: Leasing, printing, logistics services and other businesses

3. Intersegment sales and transfers are primarily comprised of service sales by our logistics service subsidiary to Dainippon Screen Co., Ltd. and its Group companies.

4. Changes in accounting policies

(Changes in evaluation standards and methods for inventories)

As noted in [Qualitative Information, Financial Statements and Other] 4 (3) (b), previously, Dainippon Screen and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries stated inventories held for sale in the ordinary course of business mainly at cost determined principally by the first-in, first-out method or the specific identification method. Effective from the first quarter of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2009, however, Dainippon Screen and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries have adopted the “Accounting Standard for Measurement of Inventories” (ASBJ Statement No. 9 issued on July 5, 2006). Accordingly, inventories are stated at cost determined principally by the first-in, first-out method or the specific identification method (marking down the book value of balance sheet amounts in line with profitability decrease). Accordingly, operating income for the six months ended September 30, 2008 in the Electronic Equipment and Components, Graphic Arts and Other segment decreased by ¥314 million, ¥159 million and ¥5 million, respectively, compared with the previous accounting method.

(Application of the “Practical Solution on Unification of Accounting Policies Applied to Foreign Subsidiaries for Consolidated Financial Statements”)

As noted in [Qualitative Information, Financial Statements and Other] 4 (3) (c), starting from the first quarter under review, the “Practical Solution on Unification of Accounting Policies Applied to Foreign Subsidiaries for Consolidated Financial Statements” (ASBJ Practical Issues Task Force No. 18 issued on May 17, 2006) has been adopted and the necessary adjustments have been made for consolidation. Pursuant to the accounting policies, operating income for the six months ended September 30, 2008 in the Electronic Equipment and Components segment decreased by ¥68 million and operating income in the Graphic Arts segment increased by ¥2 million, compared with the previous accounting method.

(Application of the “Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions”)

As noted in [Qualitative Information, Financial Statements and Other] 4 (3) (d), as for Dainippon Screen and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries, finance lease transactions without title transfer were formerly accounted for as operating leases. On March 30, 2007, the ASBJ issued ASBJ Statement No. 13, the “Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions,” which revised the former accounting standard for lease transactions issued on June 17, 1993, and ASBJ Guidance No. 16, the “Guidance on Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions,” which revised the former guidance issued on January 18, 1994. The revised accounting standard is permitted to be adopted for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2008. Accordingly, the revised accounting standard has been applied from the first quarter ended June 30, 2008. The revised accounting standard requires that all finance lease transactions shall be capitalized. In addition, leased assets related to finance lease transactions without title transfer are depreciated on a straight-line basis, with the lease periods as their useful lives and no residual value. Accordingly, operating income for the six months ended September 30, 2008 in the Electronic Equipment and Components and Graphic Arts segment increased by ¥123 million and ¥6 million, respectively, compared with the previous accounting method. In the Other segment, on the other hand, operating income decreased by ¥24 million.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

[Performance by Location]

Second quarter ended Sept. 30, 2008 (Apr. 1, 2008 - Sept. 30, 2008)

(Millions of yen)

	Japan	North America	Asia & Oceania	Europe	Total	Eliminations	Consolidated
Sales							
(1) Sales to outside customers	¥ 81,461	¥ 16,664	¥ 11,668	¥ 13,030	¥ 122,823	¥ —	¥ 122,823
(2) Intersegment sales and transfers	26,032	526	2,552	246	29,358	(29,358)	—
Total	107,493	17,190	14,221	13,276	152,182	(29,358)	122,823
Operating income (loss)	2,733	519	999	(232)	4,020	42	4,062

Notes

1. Countries and regions are classified according to geographical proximity.

2. The countries and regions included in each segment are as follows:

- (1) North America: U.S.A.
- (2) Asia & Oceania: Singapore, China, Taiwan, South Korea, Australia
- (3) Europe: U.K., Germany, the Netherlands, France, Italy, Ireland, Israel

3. Changes in accounting policies

(Changes in evaluation standards and methods for inventories)

As noted in [Qualitative Information, Financial Statements and Other] 4 (3) (b), previously, Dainippon Screen and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries stated inventories held for sale in the ordinary course of business mainly at cost determined principally by the first-in, first-out method or the specific identification method. Effective from the first quarter of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2009, however, Dainippon Screen and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries have adopted the “Accounting Standard for Measurement of Inventories” (ASBJ Statement No. 9 issued on July 5, 2006). Accordingly, inventories are stated at cost determined principally by the first-in, first-out method or the specific identification method (marking down the book value of balance sheet amounts in line with profitability decrease). Accordingly, operating income for the six months ended September 30, 2008 decreased by ¥479 million in Japan, compared with the previous accounting method.

(Application of the “Practical Solution on Unification of Accounting Policies Applied to Foreign Subsidiaries for Consolidated Financial Statements”)

As noted in [Qualitative Information, Financial Statements and Other] 4 (3) (c), starting from the first quarter under review, the “Practical Solution on Unification of Accounting Policies Applied to Foreign Subsidiaries for Consolidated Financial Statements” (ASBJ Practical Issues Task Force No. 18 issued on May 17, 2006) has been adopted and the necessary adjustments have been made for consolidation. Pursuant to the accounting policies, operating income for the six months ended September 30, 2008 in Asia and Oceania decreased by ¥0 million while operating loss in Europe increased by ¥65 million, compared with the previous accounting method.

(Application of the “Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions”)

As noted in [Qualitative Information, Financial Statements and Other] 4 (3) (d), as for Dainippon Screen and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries, finance lease transactions without title transfer were formerly accounted for as operating leases. On March 30, 2007, the ASBJ issued ASBJ Statement No. 13, the “Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions,” which revised the former accounting standard for lease transactions issued on June 17, 1993, and ASBJ Guidance No. 16, the “Guidance on Accounting Standard for Lease Transactions,” which revised the former guidance issued on January 18, 1994. The revised accounting standard is permitted to be adopted for fiscal years beginning on or after April 1, 2008. Accordingly, the revised accounting standard has been applied from the first quarter ended June 30, 2008. The revised accounting standard requires that all finance lease transactions shall be capitalized. In addition, leased assets related to finance lease transactions without title transfer are depreciated on a straight-line basis, with the lease periods as their useful lives and no residual value. In addition, with respect to the depreciation method on leased assets in connection with financial leases with no transfer of ownership, the straight-line method over the lease period equal to durable year with no residual value has been adopted. Owing to this change, operating income for the six months ended September 30, 2008 increased by ¥105 million in Japan, compared with the previous accounting method.

[Overseas Sales]

Second quarter ended Sept. 30, 2008 (From Apr. 1, 2008 to Sept. 30, 2008)

(Millions of yen)

	North America	Asia & Oceania	Europe	Other	Total
Overseas sales	¥ 17,151	¥ 48,127	¥ 12,253	¥ 5,474	¥ 83,007
Consolidated net sales					122,823
Overseas sales as a percentage of consolidated net sales	14.0 %	39.2 %	10.0 %	4.4 %	67.6 %

Notes

1. Overseas sales are sales to customers outside Japan by the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries.

2. Countries and regions are classified according to geographical proximity.

3. The countries and regions included in each segment are as follows:

- (1) North America: U.S.A., Canada
- (2) Asia & Oceania: Singapore, Malaysia, China, Taiwan, South Korea, Australia, India
- (3) Europe: U.K., Germany, the Netherlands, France, Belgium, Italy, Ireland, Northern Europe, Russia, Eastern Europe
- (4) Other: Africa, the Middle East, Latin America

[Reference]

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(Millions of yen)

Apr. 1, 2007 – Sept. 30, 2007

Net sales	¥145,275
Cost of sales	104,933
Gross profit before installment sales adjustment	40,342
Installment sales adjustment	2
Gross profit	40,344
Selling, general and administrative expenses	28,365
Operating income	11,979
Nonoperating income:	
Interest income	268
Dividend income	280
Housing rental income	200
Revenue from service contract	264
Other	484
Total nonoperating income	1,497
Nonoperating expenses:	
Interest expenses	367
Loss on sale of notes receivable	103
Exchange loss on foreign currency transactions	637
Equity in losses of affiliates	1,698
Loss on disposal of inventories	5
Loss on disposal of property, land and equipment	34
Compensation for termination of commercial agency contract	490
Other	902
Total nonoperating expenses	4,239
Ordinary income	9,237
Extraordinary income:	
Amortization of prior service cost	556
Gain on revision of retirement benefit plan	468
Gain on prior adjustment to rent of expense	388
Gain on sale of investments in securities	30
Other	10
Total extraordinary income	1,453
Extraordinary expenses:	
Loss on investments in securities	3
Loss on investments in capital of partnership	0
Total extraordinary expenses	4
Income before income taxes	10,686
Provision for income taxes—current	1,820
Provision for income taxes—deferred	3,332
Minority interests in net income of consolidated subsidiaries	41
Net income	5,491

[Reference]

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Millions of yen)

Apr. 1, 2007 – Sep. 30, 2007

Operating activities:

Income before income taxes	¥10,686
Depreciation and amortization	2,523
Amortization of goodwill	502
Equity in losses of affiliates	1,698
Loss on investments in securities	3
Loss on disposal of property plant and equipment	34
Gain on sale of investments in securities	(30)
Decrease in accrued pension and severance costs	(1,174)
Gain on revision of retirement benefit plan	(468)
Increase (decrease) in accrued bonuses to directors	(38)
Increase in accrued product warranty costs	454
Interest and dividend income	(548)
Interest expenses	367
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	3,117
Increase in inventories	(1,831)
(Increase) decrease in other current assets	1,123
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(11,515)
Increase in accrued expenses	245
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities	(4,522)
Other, net	(513)
Subtotal	113
Interest and dividend received	550
Interest paid	(371)
Contribution in connection with the shift to a defined-contribution pension plan	(923)
Income taxes paid	(11,240)
Net cash used in operating activities	(11,872)

Investing activities:

Increase in time deposits, net	(482)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(8,654)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	238
Purchase of investments in securities	(369)
Proceeds from sale of investments in securities	539
Acquisition of a newly consolidated subsidiary	(30)
Other, net	(236)
Net cash used in investing activities	(8,995)

Financing activities:

Increase (decrease) in short-term debt, net	21,021
Proceeds from long-term debt	900
Repayment of long-term debt	(2,203)
Increase in treasury stock, net	(23)
Cash dividends paid	(3,681)
Cash dividends paid to minority interests	(11)
Net cash provided by financing activities	16,002

Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	59
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(4,806)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	33,990
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	29,183

[Reference]

SEGMENT INFORMATION**[Performance by Business Segment]**

Six months ended September 30, 2007

(Millions of yen)

	Electronic Equipment and Components	Graphic Arts Equipment	Other	Total	Eliminations	Consolidated
Sales						
(1) Sales to outside customers	¥114,956	¥28,894	¥ 1,424	¥145,275	¥ —	¥145,275
(2) Intersegment sales and transfers	—	—	4,375	4,375	(4,375)	—
Total	114,956	28,894	5,799	149,651	(4,375)	145,275
Operating expenses	105,019	27,344	5,307	137,671	(4,375)	133,296
Operating income	9,936	1,549	492	11,979	—	11,979

Notes: 1. Segment classifications are by product lineup.

2. Primary products of each segment category are as follows:

Electronic Equipment and Components: Semiconductor production equipment, FPD production equipment, PCB production equipment, and maintenance and repair services.

Graphic Arts Equipment: CTP (printing and prepress related equipment), digital printing equipment, other printing and prepress related equipment, fonts, and maintenance and repair services.

Other: Leasing, printing, logistics services and other businesses

[Performance by Location]

Six months ended September 30, 2007

(Millions of yen)

	Japan	North America	Asia & Oceania	Europe	Total	Eliminations	Consolidated
Sales							
(1) Sales to outside customers	¥96,849	¥ 20,559	¥ 10,119	¥ 17,746	¥145,275	¥ —	¥145,275
(2) Intersegment sales and transfers	32,269	394	2,265	307	35,236	(35,236)	—
Total	129,119	20,953	12,385	18,053	180,512	(35,236)	145,275
Operating expenses	118,590	20,276	11,096	17,923	167,886	(34,590)	133,296
Operating income	10,529	677	1,288	130	12,625	(646)	11,979

Notes: 1. Countries and regions are classified according to geographical proximity.

2. The countries and regions included in each segment are as follows:

(1) North America: U.S.A.

(2) Asia & Oceania: Singapore, China, Taiwan, South Korea, Australia

(3) Europe: U.K., Germany, the Netherlands, France, Italy, Ireland, Israel

[Overseas Sales]

Six months ended September 30, 2007

(Millions of yen)

	North America	Asia & Oceania	Europe	Other	Total
Overseas sales	¥ 20,621	¥53,514	¥ 12,114	¥ 7,274	¥93,525
Consolidated net sales					145,275
Overseas sales as a percentage of consolidated net sales	14.2%	36.9%	8.3%	5.0%	64.4%

Notes: 1. Overseas sales are sales to customers outside Japan by the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries.

2. Countries and regions are classified according to geographical proximity.

3. The countries and regions included in each segment are as follows:

(1) North America: U.S.A., Canada

(2) Asia & Oceania: Singapore, Malaysia, China, Taiwan, South Korea, Australia, India

(3) Europe: U.K., Germany, the Netherlands, France, Belgium, Italy, Ireland, Northern Europe, Russia

(4) Other: Africa, the Middle East, Latin America

Consolidated Financial Highlights for the Second Quarter Ended Sept. 30, 2008

(Figures less than one million yen have been omitted and other figures have been rounded.)

	FY2008 6months ended Sept. 30, 2007	FY2009 6months ended Sept. 30, 2008	Difference		FY2008 12months ended Mar.31,2008	FY2009 12months ending Mar. 31, 2009
	Result	Result	Amount	Percentage	Result	Forecast
Net sales	¥ 145,275	¥ 122,823	¥ (22,451)	-15.5%	¥ 279,816	¥ 235,000
Operating income	11,979	4,062	(7,916)	-66.1%	14,627	5,200
[to net sales ratio]	8.2 %	3.3 %	-4.9 pt	—	5.2 %	2.2 %
Ordinary income	9,237	2,147	(7,090)	-76.7%	7,540	200
[to net sales ratio]	6.4 %	1.7 %	-4.7 pt	—	2.7 %	0.1 %
Net income	5,491	(1,263)	(6,755)	—	4,577	(4,000)
[to net sales ratio]	3.8 %	-1.0 %	-4.8 pt	—	1.6 %	-1.7 %
Total assets	313,741	296,602	* 5,488	1.9%	291,114	—
Net assets	135,647	115,765	* (7,109)	-5.8%	122,874	—
Equity	134,895	115,016	* (7,077)	-5.8%	122,093	—
Equity ratio	43.0 %	38.8 %	* -3.1 pt	—	41.9 %	—
[excludes leases]	43.0 %	40.1 %	* -1.8 pt	—	41.9 %	—
Net assets per share	¥ 549.65	¥ 484.47	* ¥ (29.79)	-5.8%	¥ 514.26	—
Interest-bearing debt	67,985	75,257	* 18,333	32.2%	56,924	—
[excludes lease obligations]	67,985	65,349	* 8,425	14.8%	56,924	—
Cash flows from operating activities	(11,872)	1,391	—	—	7,934	—
Cash flows from investing activities	(8,995)	(4,396)	—	—	(16,509)	—
Cash flows from financing activities	16,002	5,472	—	—	669	—
Depreciation and amortization	2,523	4,363	1,840	72.9%	5,563	9,000
[excludes leases]	2,523	3,269	746	29.6%	5,563	6,900
Capital expenditures	6,753	1,405	(5,348)	-79.2%	12,866	8,600
[excludes lease assets]	6,753	1,118	(5,635)	-83.4%	12,866	7,500
R&D expenses	7,930	8,401	471	5.9%	16,247	16,500
Number of employees	5,067	5,184	* 143	2.8%	5,041	—
Number of consolidated subsidiaries	47	47	* 1	—	46	—
[Domestic]	[23]	[21]	* [-1]	—	[22]	—
[Overseas]	[24]	[26]	* [2]	—	[24]	—
Number of Affiliates	4	4	* 1	—	3	—
[Number of affiliates accounted for by equity method]	[3]	[4]	* [1]	—	[3]	—

* shows changes in amount from Mar. 31, 2008

Note:

Starting from the first quarter of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2009, ASBJ Statement No.12 “Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting” (ASBJ Accounting Standard No.12) and ASBJ Statement No.14 “Guidance on Accounting Standard for Quarterly Financial Reporting” (ASBJ Accounting Standard Implementation Guidance No.14) have been implemented. The quarterly consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with “The Rules for Quarterly Financial Reporting.” However, the business results for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2008 and the six months ended September 30, 2007 are shown according to the previous accounting methods.

Sales Breakdown (Consolidated)

(Millions of yen)

		FY2008						FY2009			
		3months ended	3months ended	6months ended	3months ended	3months ended	12months ended	3months ended	3months ended	6months ended	12months ending
		Jun. 30, 2007	Sept. 30, 2007	Sept. 30, 2007	Dec. 31, 2007	Mar. 31, 2008	Mar.31, 2008	Jun. 30, 2008	Sept. 30, 2008	Sept. 30, 2008	Mar. 31, 2009
		Result	Result	Result	Result	Result	Result	Result	Result	Result	Forecast
Electronic Equipment and Components											
Semiconductor Production Equipment	Domestic	10,963	14,155	25,119	8,539	11,367	45,026	6,363	13,092	19,455	—
	Overseas	35,702	38,180	73,882	22,101	32,712	128,696	17,467	21,121	38,588	—
	Total	46,665	52,336	99,001	30,641	44,080	173,723	23,830	34,213	58,044	9,800
FPD Production Equipment	Domestic	4,874	3,799	8,674	534	4,069	13,278	2,843	1,405	4,248	—
	Overseas	2,512	837	3,350	3,327	12,696	19,374	9,311	15,193	24,505	—
	Total	7,387	4,637	12,024	3,861	16,766	32,652	12,155	16,598	28,754	63,000
Other Electronic Equipment	Domestic	1,109	1,560	2,670	1,546	1,481	5,698	721	1,963	2,685	—
	Overseas	479	780	1,259	419	595	2,275	502	738	1,240	—
	Total	1,588	2,341	3,929	1,966	2,077	7,973	1,224	2,702	3,926	10,000
Total	Domestic	16,947	19,515	36,463	10,621	16,918	64,002	9,928	16,461	26,389	—
	Overseas	38,694	39,798	78,493	25,848	46,005	150,346	27,281	37,054	64,335	—
	Total	55,642	59,314	114,956	36,469	62,923	214,349	37,209	53,515	90,724	171,000
Graphic Arts Equipment											
Total	Domestic	6,182	7,710	13,892	6,091	8,919	28,903	5,593	6,892	12,485	—
	Overseas	7,023	7,978	15,002	8,909	10,112	34,023	8,824	9,772	18,596	—
	Total	13,205	15,689	28,894	15,000	19,032	62,927	14,417	16,664	31,081	6,200
Other											
Total	Domestic	601	793	1,394	464	449	2,308	414	527	941	—
	Overseas	10	19	29	8	192	230	22	53	75	—
	Total	611	812	1,424	472	642	2,538	436	581	1,017	2,000
Grand Total	Domestic	23,731	28,018	51,750	17,176	26,287	95,214	15,935	23,880	39,816	—
	Overseas	45,728	47,797	93,525	34,765	56,310	184,601	36,127	46,879	83,007	—
	Total	69,459	75,816	145,275	51,942	82,598	279,816	52,063	70,760	122,823	235,000
	Overseas Ratio	65.8%	63.0%	64.4%	66.9%	68.2%	66.0%	69.4%	66.3%	67.6%	—

Orders received & Order backlog (Consolidated)

		FY2008		FY2008		FY2008		FY2009		FY2009	
		3months ended Sept.30, 2007		3months ended Dec.31, 2007		3months ended Mar. 31, 2008		3months ended Jun. 30, 2008		3months ended Sept. 30, 2008	
		Orders received	Order backlog	Orders received	Order backlog	Orders received	Order backlog	Orders received	Order backlog	Orders received	Order backlog
Electronic Equipment and Components											
Semiconductor Production Equipment	Domestic	9,070	15,476	8,045	14,982	8,882	12,495	9,932	16,064	5,101	8,073
	Overseas	22,363	49,706	21,862	49,467	16,142	32,895	19,972	35,401	26,319	40,599
	Total	31,433	65,182	29,906	64,449	25,023	45,391	29,904	51,465	31,421	48,672
FPD Production Equipment	Domestic	1,798	5,715	2,224	7,405	4,940	8,276	12,120	17,553	3,904	20,051
	Overseas	19,104	29,998	9,271	35,942	22,421	45,666	16,738	53,093	266	38,165
	Total	20,902	35,713	11,495	43,347	27,362	53,942	28,859	70,646	4,169	58,216
Other Electronic Equipment	Domestic	2,199	1,378	1,251	1,083	1,628	1,229	992	1,500	1,864	1,400
	Overseas	151	72	565	223	654	280	490	268	615	145
	Total	2,350	1,450	1,816	1,306	2,282	1,509	1,482	1,768	2,479	1,545
Total	Domestic	13,068	22,570	11,519	23,470	15,450	22,000	23,044	35,117	10,869	29,524
	Overseas	41,619	79,776	31,698	85,632	39,217	78,841	37,200	88,762	27,200	78,909
	Total	54,685	102,345	43,217	109,101	54,667	100,842	60,246	123,879	38,069	108,433
Graphic Arts Equipment											
Total	Domestic	7,830	1,741	6,368	2,019	8,180	1,278	5,222	908	7,928	1,943
	Overseas	8,675	4,480	9,087	4,659	11,154	5,700	9,263	6,140	8,402	4,769
	Total	16,505	6,221	15,455	6,678	19,333	6,978	14,485	7,048	16,330	6,712
Other											
Total	Domestic	347	—	118	—	24	—	10	—	71	—
	Overseas	8	—	8	—	193	—	21	—	53	—
	Total	356	—	126	—	217	—	31	—	124	—
Grand Total	Domestic	21,245	24,311	18,005	25,489	23,654	23,278	28,276	36,025	18,868	31,467
	Overseas	50,302	84,256	40,793	90,291	50,563	84,541	46,484	94,901	35,655	83,678
	Total	71,547	108,566	58,798	115,780	74,218	107,819	74,762	130,926	54,523	115,145
	Overseas Ratio	70.3%	77.6%	69.4%	78.0%	68.1%	78.4%	62.2%	72.5%	65.4%	72.7%